

FIRE WOOD SPLITTING AND STORAGE



Splitting: Smaller wood pieces burn more efficiently and produce less smoke compared to larger, unsplit logs.

Storage: Store split wood in a dry, well-ventilated area to promote and maintain its dryness and quality. Alliance for Green Heat offers a useful PDF with links to woodshed options using alternative materials- firewoodbanks.org/resources

Wood Species: Some wood species, such as oak and lodgepole pine, have higher energy content and burn more efficiently than others. Hardwoods generally produce more heat and less creosote than softwoods like Ponderosa Pine. You can use Cedar to get your fire started and then use a hardwood like Oak overnight to keep your fire going.